

How is current French society structured? - Séance 1

1: What is a social group?

- A: A set of people who have the same job.
- B: Members of the same family, who have had similar experiences.
- C: A group of people who are exactly the same.
- D: Individuals who share common characteristics.

2: What is inequality?

- A: When a characteristic gives a group an advantage.
- B: When a certain group is more poor than the others.
- C: A synonym of sexism, racism or xenophobia.
- D: When a social group is bigger than the others.

3: Which CANNOT define a social group?

- A: Height.
- B: Religion.
- C: Age.
- D: Qualification.

4: What effect does living in priority neighbourhoods have on individuals?

- A: Fewer children.
- B: Higher standard of living.
- C: Lower employment.
- D: Smaller range of amenities.

5&6: Which social group is affected more by unemployment?

(Two answers)

- A: Males
- B: Females
- C: Immigrants
- D: Non-immigrants

7: How many people in France live in priority neighbourhoods?

- A: About 11 million.
- B: About 9 million.
- C: About 7 million.
- D: About 5 million.

8: In which stage of life does an individual draw from their savings?

- A: Youth
- B: Activity
- C: Retirement

9: In which stage of life does an individual add to their savings?

- A: Youth
- B: Activity
- C: Retirement

10: In which stage of life does an individual's income decrease?

- A: Youth
- B: Activity
- C: Retirement